Campus Pollinator Protection Campaign

- Two-thirds of the food crops humans eat every day require bees and other pollinators to successfully produce a crop.
- Emory University's Commitment to ban neonicotinoids and treated plants
 - Worked with Grounds, Procurement, Planning Design & Construction, and EHSO; Georgia
 Organics, FOE, Turner Foundation, and Emory's Turner Environmental Law Center
 - Toxics Release Inventory (TRI); Grounds lists
 - Pesticide Research Institute-- safe substitutions; piloted on campus
 - IPM; vendor contracts; construction standards; landscape design plans
- Student, staff & community outreach: Sustainable Food Fair;
 Internal publications & social media; AJC op-ed; "tool kit"
- Role of University as resource: Emory Law students researched "Gardeners' Beware" Report; faculty experts for local legislative & media work; outreach to City



Emory's Pollinator Protection Commitment

- Emory University's Pledge (August 2014):
 - Eliminate neonicotinoid use on campus grounds
 - Purchase plants for campus landscaping that have not been pre-treated with neonicotinoids, to the extent feasible
 - Specify in contracts with vendors and campus construction standards not to use neonicotinoid insecticides or plants pretreated with neonicotinoids
 - Ensure substitutes for neonicotinoid pesticides are safe for pollinators
 - Plant pollinator-friendly habitats on campus
 - Conduct campus outreach and education



